SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE COUNCIL

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE - 23 JANUARY 2023

THE COUNCIL'S MEDIUM-TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY 2024/25 – 2028/29 AND 2024/25 BUDGET

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF FINANCE (AND SECTION 151 OFFICER) AND FINANCE TEAM MANAGER (AND DEPUTY SECTION 151 OFFICER)

LEAD CABINET MEMBER - COUNCILLOR ROGER LEES, LEADER OF THE COUNCIL

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report sets out the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) for the period 2024/25 to 2028/29, projected revenue expenditure for 2023/24, and the Capital Programme for 2024/25 to 2028/29.
- 1.2 The proposals presents a three-year balanced budget achieved through the use of General Fund reserves until 2026/27.
- 1.3 The provisional Local Government Finance Settlement was announced on 18 December 2023 and this report incorporates the detail provided within the statement.
- 1.4 It is proposed that, subject to the final Local Government Finance Settlement, Members agree to increase Council Tax by £5 and utilise £1.548m of General Fund reserves in 2024/25.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 It is recommended that Members scrutinise the proposals, in particular:
 - a) Members support this report together with the draft Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), revenue estimates and capital programme for the 2024/25 budget for consultation with stakeholders. In particular:
 - b) Members note the updated draft MTFS position and the revised revenue estimates for 2023/24 and 2024/25;
 - c) Members note the reconciliation for the previous approved MTFS to the updated draft MTFS;
 - d) Members support the revised capital programme;
 - e) Members support that the minimum level of general fund reserves is maintained at £1.5m;

f) Members note that the Leader of the Council be authorised to make any necessary amendments to include any late information or to correct any errors or omissions

3. Summary Impact Assessment

	Do thes	se proposals contribute to specific Council Plan				
POLICY/COMMUNITY	Yes	The budget is the financial expression of the Council's priorities and therefore underpins the Council Plan.				
IMPACT	Has an	Has an Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) been completed?				
	No	Budget / MTFS assumptions and forecasts do not impact on equality issues.				
SCRUTINY POWERS APPLICABLE		w & Scrutiny Committee on 23 January 2024 – the final will be taken at Council on 20 February 2024.				
KEY DECISION	+	ouncil decision				
TARGET COMPLETION/ DELIVERY DATE	March	2024				
FINANCIAL IMPACT	Yes	As set out in the report.				
LEGAL ISSUES	Yes	The Council has a legal obligation to set a balanced budget (s32 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992) and must make three calculations namely: • an estimate of gross revenue expenditure; • an estimate of anticipated income; and • a calculation of the difference. The amount of the budget requirement must be sufficient to meet the Council's budget commitments and ensure a balanced budget. The 2024/25 budget requirement must leave the Council with adequate financial reserves. The level of budget requirement must not be unreasonable having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its Council Tax payers and non-domestic rate payers. Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 places a general duty on local authorities to make arrangements for 'the proper administration of their financial affairs'.				
OTHER IMPACTS, RISKS & OPPORTUNITIES	Yes	 The relevant risk (per the Strategic Risk Register) is: Budget pressures, increased income volatility and uncertainty as to the future of local government finance – The budget, the MTFS and the financial stability of the Council is severely impacted by reductions and/or changes in the way in which local government is financed. 				
IMPACT ON SPECIFIC WARDS	No					

4. <u>Background</u>

- 4.1 The aim of the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) is to pull together all known factors affecting the financial position and financial sustainability of the Council over the medium term. The MTFS balances the financial implications of objectives and policies against constraints in resources and provides the basis for decision making. This MTFS covers 2024/25 to 2028/29 and highlights the various financial challenges facing the Council over this period.
- 4.2 The Local Government Finance Policy Statement was issued on 5 December 2023 and confirmed the following:
 - Business Rates baseline funding levels and compensation (Section 31) grants will be increased by CPI
 - Revenue Support Grant will increase by CPI
 - Council Tax referendum limit of 3% or £5 for shire district councils
 - Minimum Funding Guarantee will ensure that all authorities see a 3% increase in core spending power before any decision on organisational efficiencies, use of reserves and council tax levels
 - New Homes Bonus will continue in 2024/25
 - Services Grant will reduce and the remainder to be distributed using the Settlement Funding Assessment distribution methodology
- 4.3 There continues to be significant levels of uncertainty around when the 'Business Rates Reset' or funding reform will be implemented and what impact this may have. The intention of this will be for the baseline need for local authorities to be re-assessed which will affect the amount of Business Rates that the Council is able to retain. This is a significant strategic risk for the Council.
- 4.4 Despite this uncertainty, the Council is still required to prepare an MTFS and therefore must use several assumptions in doing this. These assumptions are set out later in the report.
- 4.5 The state of the economy continues to be volatile and provides a challenging environment in which to set the budget. Although local government has largely recovered from the impact of COVID-19, some behaviours have changed in the long-term and this continues to affect some councils. There is also the 'cost of living' crisis, exacerbated by the war in Ukraine and the potential impact of conflict in the Middle East.

5. Annual Budget Setting Cycle and Timetable

- 5.1 The construction of the budget and the MTFS involves a number of key stages designed to ensure the budget is robust:
 - Identification of budget issues as part of budget monitoring which is reported to Corporate Leadership Team and Cabinet on a quarterly basis;
 - Assembly of savings, efficiencies and additional budget requirements(Oct Dec);
 - All member Resource Planning and Prioritisation Briefing Session (Dec 2023);
 - Decision on Draft Budget (Cabinet 9 January 2024);

- Consultation with Stakeholders (10 January 2024 26 January 2024);
- Overview and Scrutiny Committee consider the draft budget (23 January 2024);
- Cabinet Review of Final Budget (Cabinet 6 February 2024);
- Approval by Council (20 February 2024);

6. 2024/25 Budget and Updated MTFS 2024/25 – 2028/29

6.1 The MTFS has been updated for the period 2024/25 to 2028/29 and is summarised below:

Table 1: Updated MTFS and Annual Revenue Budgets

	2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	PROJECTION (Q2)					
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Total Service Expenditure	19,732	19,810	21,601	21,803	23,162	23,828	24,023
Capital Financing and Treasury	(671)	(1,009)	(731)	(255)	(133)	109	254
Net Expenditure	19,061	18,800	20,870	21,547	23,029	23,938	24,277
Total Funding	(17,289)	(19,168)	(19,322)	(20,369)	(18,200)	(21,602)	(22,376)
Forecast Annual (Surplus)/Deficit	1,772	(368)	1,548	1,179	4,829	2,335	1,901
Use of Collection Fund reserve					(2,000)		
Forecast Annual (Surplus) / Deficit	1,772	(368)	1,548	1,179	2,829	2,335	1,901

Table 2: Updated General Fund Reserves

	2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	PROJECTION (Q2)					
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Opening Balance 1st April	(8,672)	(8,672)	(7,755)	(6,207)	(5,028)	(2,199)	137
Closing General Fund Reserves 31st March	(6,900)	(7,755)	(6,207)	(5,028)	(2,199)	137	2,038

- 6.2 The above tables show that General Fund reserves are forecast to remain above minimum levels (set at £1.5m) until partway through the 2027/28 financial year. This continued reliance on General Fund reserves is unsustainable and will need to be addressed if increased Business Rates income is not generated as anticipated.
- 6.3 The draft budget for 2024/25 and the detailed draft MTFS are set out in full in Appendix 1.
- 6.4 The following key assumptions have been made in preparing the updated MTFS:

- Pay Award 4.5% 2024/25; 3% in 2025/26 and 2% thereafter
- Council Tax increases by £5 in each year and a gradual increase in the base across the 5 years
- General inflationary increase of 4.6% in 2024/25 and 2% in future years except in cases where contractual inflations are known to be different
- Business Rates reset assumed to happen in 2026/27 with transitional protection of 50% in first year and 25% in second year
- Stable Business Rates until inclusion of West Midlands Interchange (WMI), ROF Featherstone and i54 in 2027/28 (at mid-case estimates)
- Continued high interest rates but reducing across the years
- New Homes Bonus ceasing after 2024/25 and replaced with Funding Guarantee until 2026/27
- £1m set aside in Earmarked Reserves for the potential costs of temporary accommodation but nothing built into ongoing revenue budget currently

Reconciling the current updated MTFS to the Feb 2023 Approved MTFS

6.5 Changes need to be made to the Council's budget and MTFS to keep them up to date and robust. These changes have been summarised in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Reconciliation of Previous and Updated MTFS

	Note	2024-25 (£000)	2025-26 (£000)	2026-27 (£000)	2027-28 (£000)
Deficit as at Feb 2023 MTFS		1,320	1,972	4,122	4,676
Movements/Changes: -					
Pay Inflation	1	251	349	332	343
Contract Inflation	2	171	179	184	192
Income Reduction	3	76	61	56	38
RPP Decisions	4	180	(171)	607	470
Business As Usual Amendments	5	276	307	406	413
Interest on Balances	6	(260)	(170)	(137)	(87)
Costs of Capital	7	0	129	168	280
Removal of New Homes Bonus	8	7	325	0	0
Services Grant Changes	9	85	(1)	49	100
Revenue Support Grant/ Business Rates	10	(1,741)	(2,282)	(496)	(4,084)
Council Tax Receipts	11	14	9	(11)	(12)
Application of Collection Fund Reserve	12	1,000	1,027	(2,000)	0
Collection Fund Surplus/Deficit	13	299	0	0	0
Funding Guarantee	14	(122)	(557)	(454)	0
Other	15	(8)	1	3	5
Total Changes		228	(793)	(1,293)	(2,342)
Deficit as at Dec 2023 MTFS		1,548	1,179	2,829	2,335

The main changes are as follows:

Pay Inflation. The MTFS approved in February 2023 assumed a Local Government pay award of 5% for 2023/24, 3% in 2024/25 and 2% thereafter. Due to the economic uncertainty, a Pay and Inflation Earmarked Reserve was also created to protect the General Fund from higher than anticipated pay awards.

The 2023/24 pay award was actually settled as a flat increase in annual salaries of £1,925 per annum per full time equivalent post.

The financial impact of the 2023/24 award plus the updated assumptions set out in paragraph 6.4 are shown in Table 3.

2 Contract Inflation. Outside of known contractual increases, a standard 2% inflation had been applied in the previous MTFS. A recurring budget of £150,000 in 2023/24, increasing to £200,000 in the following year was also created. This could be drawn upon, with the approval of the Leader and S151 Officer if any budgets across the Council required support for unavoidable inflationary increases. In addition to this resource, further resources were added to the Inflation Earmarked Reserve.

Due to the continuing high levels of inflation, a 4.6% increase has been applied in 2024/25 reducing to 2% thereafter. This is based on October 2023 CPI.

- **3 Income Reduction** There has been a reduction in the income target for crematoria and recycling credits paid by Staffordshire County Council.
- 4 Resource Planning and Prioritisation (RPP) Appendix 2 to this report itemises key budget changes that have arisen from service developments and decisions requiring Member approval and/or ratification.
- **5 Business As Usual Impacts** Appendix 3 to this report details increases (or decreases) to the costs incurred by the Council where the costs of delivering service in accordance with existing policies have changed since the previous MTFS (excluding those caused by inflation and detailed above).
- 6 Interest on Balances Increases to the base rate have continued to have a positive impact on the Council since the last MTFS as interest earned on cash balances has increased materially. It is now assumed that these rates will slowly reduce over the period of the MTFS resulting in lower levels of investment income moving forward.
- 7 Costs of Capital This refers to the interest costs of borrowing and the provision the Council must set aside for repayment of principal for financing the Capital Programme (referred to as the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP). Three projects have been put forward to be added to the Capital Programme therefore resulting in an increase in this provision. The projects are: -
 - Replacement of leisure equipment £641k
 - Car Park improvements £360k
 - Street Scene fleet replacement £551k

- **8 New Homes Bonus** It has been assumed that there will be no further New Homes Bonus funding after 2024/25. However, this has meant that the increase in the Council's core spending power will fall below the 3% outlined in the Policy Statement and will attract a Funding Guarantee in years 2024/25 to 2026/27.
- **9 Services Grant** The previous MTFS had assumed this grant would reduce across the 5-year period. The Policy Statement confirmed further reductions in this grant and this has now been included in the updated MTFS.
- **10 Retained Business Rates** Section 8 provides further information on the changed assumptions in Business Rates
- **11 Council Tax Receipts** Section 7 provides further information on the bases for the Council Tax income included in the MTFS.
- **12 Application of Earmarked Reserves** The Council holds an Earmarked Reserve to protect against the volatility in Business Rates income. The previous MTFS assumed that this would be used equally across the years 2023/24 to 2025/26. An improved financial position for 2023/24 has meant that this is no longer required and the reserve is projected to remain at a level of approximately £3m.

The updated MTFS makes use of £2m of this reserve in 2026/27 to reduce the impact of the Business Rates reset. The remaining £1m is to be set aside in a new reserve for Temporary Accommodation pressures.

- 13 Collection Fund Surplus/Deficit The Collection Fund is the statutory account that deals with Council Tax and Business Rates. Each year the Council has to estimate whether this will be in in surplus or deficit and at what value. Any surplus or deficit is required to be carried forward into the following financial year. It is currently estimated that the Collection Fund will be in a deficit of £299k at the end of 2023/24 and this will be required to be carried forward into 2024/25.
- 14 Funding Guarantee. The government has committed to providing a Funding Guarantee to Councils where their core spending power does not increase by at least 3%. It is assumed that this will also continue in the following two years. The estimated allocations of this are £122k in 2024/25, £557k in 2025/26 and £454k in 2026/27. As explained in note 8, the main reason for the increased allocation from 2025/26 is the loss of New Homes Bonus funding.
- **15 Other** Minor other changes not categorised above.

7. <u>Council Tax</u>

- 7.1 It has been assumed that Members will agree to increase Council Tax by £5 for a Band D equivalent property in all years of the MTFS. This is the maximum allowable increase in Council Tax without a referendum.
- 7.2 Table 4 below details the current South Staffordshire Tax Base, the estimated growth in this tax base across the MTFS and the impact this has on Council Tax receipts for the Council.

Table 4, Council Tax Assumptions within the MTFS

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Assumed Tax Base (Total Number of Band D Equivalent Properties)	39,914	40,239	40,574	40,774	40,974
Council Tax – Band D (£)	140.34	·	·	•	,
Council Tax Increase (£)	5.00				5.00
Total Council Tax Receipts (£000)	5,602			6,334	

8. <u>Business Rates</u>

- 8.1 Business Rates income is the largest source of funding for the Council and therefore a significant risk. Business Rates are a volatile income type and can be easily influenced by the economic environment.
- 8.2 The Council's ability to utilise General Fund reserves in the earlier years of the MTFS are largely dependent on the knowledge that significant Business Rates income growth will be realised with the development of West Midlands Interchange (WMI) and ROF Featherstone in future years. The estimated income from these developments is based on 'mid-case' scenarios and could be significantly higher or lower than assumed.
- 8.3 The mid-case scenario has been used due to two areas of uncertainty; (1) the timing and impact of the Business Rates reset and (2) the completion of the developments and sale of units.
- 8.4 Over recent years, the government have issued various documents discussing the need for funding reform and a reset of the accumulated Business Rates growth currently held by councils. However, this has been delayed for several reasons and the government have again confirmed in the 2024/25 Policy Statement that 'now is the time for stability and continuity, and we will therefore not be pursuing any fundamental reforms to the system'.
- 8.5 In the absence of any firm plans from the government, the updated MTFS assumes that funding reform and the Business Rates reset will happen in 2026/27, at which point the Council will 'lose' any growth in Business Rates to date.
- 8.6 It is also assumed that there will be an element of transitional protection; 50% of the loss in funding in 2026/27 and 25% in 2027/28. There is currently no information from the government on this therefore this is an internal assumption based on the awareness of the financial strain on local authorities and that the sector would be unable to deal with a 'cliff edge' in funding in one year. This is however a significant risk for the future of the MTFS, particularly if the government decide not to provide transitional protection as they consider that councils have had sufficient 'notice' of the potential changes. Section 9 below provides some sensitivity analysis in this area.
- 8.7 Table 5 below shows the level of Business Rates income assumed in the current MTFS.

Table 5: Business Rates income assumed in the current MTFS

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Business Rates income (including S31 grants, tariff, pool returns & levy)	6,624	6,624	3,300	3,400	3,500
Growth from WMI & ROF Featherstone	119	722	0	4,317	5,521
Growth from i54 Western Extensions				250	250
Transitional Protection			1,662	831	
Total	6,743	7,346	4,962	8,798	9,271

8.8 The Council holds an earmarked reserves to cover the volatility in Business Rates income and to also prepare for the impact of funding reform. The MTFS assumes that £2m of this will be used in 2026/27 to reduce the impact of the Business Rates reset.

9. <u>Sensitivity Analysis</u>

Business Rates

9.1 Table 6 below indicates how changes to the broad assumptions made, particularly from 2026/27 could impact upon the level of General Fund reserves held by the Council.

<u>Table 6: Sensitivity Analysis: Impact of Business Rates Retention scenarios on General Fund Balance forecasts</u>

GENERAL FUND BALANCE	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Optimistic Scenario					
No Business Rates Reset and WMI & ROF					
Featherstone at mid-case	(6,207)	(5,028)	(3,861)	(3,918)	(5,141)
Current MTFS Assumptions Business Rates Reset in 2026/27;					
Transitional Protection 50% in first year and 25% in second year; continued					
arrangements for retaining growth; WMI	()	(=)	(5.55)		
& ROF Featherstone at mid-case	(6,207)	(5,028)	(2,199)	137	2,038
Pessimistic Scenario					
Business Rates Reset in 2026/27; No					
Transitional Protection and 25%					
reduction in ability to retain growth					
after reset	(6,207)	(5,028)	(537)	3,709	6,990

9.2 This shows that under the 'Optimistic Scenario' General Fund reserves are projected to reduce to £3.918m at the end of 2027/28, whereas under the 'Pessimistic Scenario' there

- would be a deficit position of £3.709m. These are compared to the MTFS scenario which would result in £0.137m deficit at the end of 2027/28.
- 9.3 Whilst the optimistic and pessimistic scenarios are considered unlikely, this does demonstrate the impact that changes in the Business Rates Retention Scheme (and any linked funding reform) could have on the Council's MTFS. It is therefore important that the Council considers future options in the event of a material reduction in the expected Business Rates growth from WMI and ROF Featherstone.

Commercial Income

9.4 Table 7 below shows the impact of different occupancy levels of the Council's commercial units on the General Fund balance.

<u>Table 7 Sensitivity Analysis – Impact of changes in occupancy rates on commercial rent income and General Fund Balance</u>

GENERAL FUND	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Optimistic Assumption					
100% Occupancy	(6,259)	(5,150)	(2,393)	(130)	1,696
Current MTFS Assumption					
97.5% Occupancy	(6,207)	(5,028)	(2,199)	137	2,038
Pessimistic Assumption					
92.5% Occupancy	(6,155)	(4,906)	(2,005)	404	2,380

- 9.5 Current occupancy levels in commercial units is at 98.5% therefore the pessimistic scenario would require a significant vacation of premises which is unlikely. Likewise, it is unusual for any commercial asset portfolio to have a consistent occupancy of 100%.
- 9.6 This shows that the Council's budget is less susceptible to changes in commercial rent income than Business Rates income. However, it is still important that this income is regularly monitored, and debt recovery processes are robust. The Council is currently in the process of attempting to move all tenants to direct debit as their payment methods which will also reduce the possibility of bad debts.
- 9.7 In view of the above sensitivity analyses, it is considered that the assumptions applied to the updated MTFS are balanced and prudent. However, these areas are high risk and therefore require regular review and monitoring.

10. <u>Capital Programme</u>

10.1 The full capital programme over the period to 2028/29 is detailed in **Appendix 3** to this report and is summarised below in Table 8.

Table 8: Medium Term Capital Programme (2023/24 to 2028/29)

2023/24 2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
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£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
12,183	11,971	1,714	1,796	1,493	1,486

11. <u>Earmarked Reserves</u>

11.1 In addition to the General Fund Balance the Council also has Earmarked Reserves which are set aside for a specific purpose.

<u>Table 9: Analysis of General Fund and Earmarked Reserves (Opening balances for 2023/24)</u>

	Balance at 31 st March 2023 £000
General Fund Reserve	8,672
Earmarked Reserves	6,996
Total Usable Revenue Reserves	15,668

11.2 The Council's Earmarked Reserves are set out in Appendix 7. A categorised summary of these is detailed below in Table 10.

Table 10: Summary Analysis of Earmarked Reserves

DESCRIPTION	Balance at 31//03/23	Use in 2023/24	Transfers 2023/24	Projected Balance 31/03/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Priorities	74	0	(16)	58
Investment in assets & resources	1,552	4	(16)	1,540
Member Priorities	0	254	141	395
Ringfenced Grants & Funding	1,368	(19)	0	1,349
Risk & Uncertainty	3,099	313	0	3,412
Service Teams	489	(97)	(109)	283
Transformation	414	(120)	0	294
Total Earmarked Reserves	6,996	335	0	7,331

11.3 Earmarked Reserves are regularly reviewed as part of the budget monitoring and risk management process and transfers made if new or emerging pressures become likely. The Section 151's statement on the adequacy of reserves is in Appendix 6.

12. Risks & Mitigations

- 12.1 There are always risks when preparing an MTFS as it is necessary to make assumptions in several areas due to the time period covered. These assumptions have already been set out earlier in the report.
- 12.2 Generally, the current level of Council reserves (General Fund and Earmarked) allows time to plan ahead and mitigate against most risks. However, it is important that these plans are made as early as possible so that they can be implemented if and when necessary.
- 12.3 Table 11 below highlights the main risks and how these can or have been mitigated.

Table 11: Risks and Mitigations

Risk	Mitigation
Business Rates reset happens in 2025/26 not 2026/27	This is highly unlikely given the impending General Election which is due during 2024.
	General Fund reserves and Earmarked Reserves are in a healthy position which will still provide time to plan for the impact of this.
	The Council holds an Earmarked Reserve of approximately £2.8m to cover Business Rates volatility.
WMI & ROF Featherstone growth does not materialise	The assumptions around this are prudent and only include a mid-case scenario. The significant growth is not included until 2027/28 and indications that this will not happen would be seen well in advance of that date. This allows time to plan for alternative budget positions.
	The Council holds an Earmarked Reserve of approximately £2.8m to cover Business Rates volatility.
The government does not provide transitional protection as part of a Business Rates reset	The government will be required to issue a consultation prior to any funding reform which will allow time for the Council to understand the potential implications.
	The next MTFS process will need to include discussions about alternative budget options in the case of current assumptions being over-optimistic.
Inflation levels continue at a higher rate than expected	The Council holds a Pay and Inflation reserve (estimated balance of £458k by the end of 2023/24) which is able to substantially cover this risk.
Temporary accommodation costs are higher than set aside in Earmarked Reserves	General Fund reserves are at a healthy level and can cover some of this. There are also a number of other Earmarked Reserves that could be redesignated

Risk	Mitigation
	(although this would impact on other
	Council Plan priorities).

13. <u>Conclusion</u>

- 13.1 The level of the Council's General Fund and Earmarked Reserves means that it is possible to produce a balanced budget for the next three years in an uncertain operating environment. The Council is alert to the risks in the current MTFS and will be considering alternative options if any of those risks do materialise.
- 13.2 The budget is judged to be prudent and deliverable and is therefore recommended to Members for approval.

14. Appendices

Appendix 1 - MTFS 2024/25 to 2028/29

Appendix 2 – Resource Planning and Prioritisation (RPP) & BAU Amendments

Appendix 3 – Capital Programme – Summary of Capital Investment Plans

Appendix 4 – Cabinet Summaries (MTFS)

Appendix 5 – Form of Resolution to approve the budget and set the council tax Indicative at this stage ahead of Parish Council's setting Council Tax

Appendix 6 – Report on the robustness of estimates and adequacy of reserves

Appendix 7 - Earmarked Reserves Analysis

Report prepared by:

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APPENDIX 1 - MTFS 2024/25 TO 2028/29

	202	3/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	ORIGINAL	PROJECTED OUTURN AT M6	ESTIMATE	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Business Enterprise and							
Community Infrastructure	1,441	1,304	1,140	1,275	1,340	1,395	1,421
Community Services	5,233	5,104	5,953	6,206	7,245	7,395	7,525
Corporate Services	4,129	4,222	4,215	4,456	4,590	4,921	4,780
Digital Transformation &							
Estate Management	1,760	1,874	1,485	827	818	821	874
Regulatory Services	845	845	890	979	1,003	1,023	1,041
Welfare Services	1,296	1,432	1,637	1,716	1,759	1,802	1,848
	14,704	14,782	15,320	15,459	16,755	17,358	17,487
Other Service Expenditure							
i54 Enterprise Zone	5,028	5,028	6,281	6,343	6,407	6,471	6,536
Total Other Service	5,028	5,028	6,281	6,343	6,407	6,471	6,536
Total Service Expenditure	19,732	19,810	21,601	21,803	23,162	23,828	24,023
Capital Financing and Treasury							
Investment Income	(562)	(900)	(680)	(455)	(316)	(192)	(110)
Borrowing Costs	235	235	235	350	350	351	350
Minimum Revenue	551	551	640	761	706	712	712
MRP Increase			0	15	53	164	228
Dpcn incl in Service	(895)	(895)	(926)	(926)	(926)	(926)	(926)
Capital Financing and	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Treasury	(671)	(1,009)	(731)	(255)	(133)	109	254
Net Expenditure	19,061	18,800	20,870	21,547	23,029	23,938	24,277
	13,001	10,000	20,070	22,547	23,023	23,330	24,277
Funding:							
New Homes Bonus	(659)	(659)	(643)				
Services Grant	(91)	(95)	(15)	(51)	(51)		
RSG	(31)	(33)	(216)	(223)	(226)		
Minimum Funding			(122)	(557)	(454)		
Ordinary Net Retained	(5,000)	(7,000)	(6,624)	(6,624)	(3,300)	(2.400)	(3,500)
Collection Fund	(3,000)	(7,000)	299	(0,024)	(3,300)	(3,400)	(3,300)
}			299		(1.663)	(021)	
BR 'Transitional Funding Delays to Fair Funding	(150)				(1,662)	(831)	
Business Rates Western	(150)					(250)	(350)
†			(110)	(722)		, ,	(250)
Sources of Finance Application of Collection	(4.000)	(4.000)	(119)	(722)		(4,317)	(5,521)
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(6.204)	(6.2.42)	(6.407)	16.474	(6.536)
Enterprise Zone	(5,028)	(5,028)	(6,281)	(6,343)	(6,407)	(6,471)	(6,536)
Council Tax Receipts	(5,361)	(5,386)	(5,602)	(5,848)	(6,100)	(6,334)	(6,570)
Total Funding	(17,289)	(19,168)	(19,322)	(20,369)	(18,200)	(21,602)	(22,376)
Forecast Annual Deficit	1,772	(368)	1,548	1,179	4,829	2,335	1,901
Use of Collection Fund Reserve					(2,000)		
Forecast Annual (Surplus) / Deficit	1,772	(368)	1,548	1,179	2,829	2,335	1,901

APPENDIX 2: RPP & BAU ITEMS

Business Enterprise & Community Services	2024/25 (£000)	2025/26 (£000)	2026/27 (£000)	2027/28 (£000)	2028/29 (£000)
Increase in planning fees	(248)	(248)	(248)	(248)	(248)
Increase in charge for PPA Agreements	(45)	(45)	(45)	(45)	(45)
Income from biodiversity credits	(35)	(35)	(35)	(35)	(35)
Total reductions in budget (savings)	(328)	(328)	(328)	(328)	(328)
Increased contribution for Building Control Service	16	35	55	58	58
Investment in BOT Auto fill forms	15	15	16	16	16
Investment in AI Technology for data validation	15	15	16	16	16
Staff Retention Fund	0	50	50	50	50
Apprentice – Planner	18	18	18	25	0
Total increases in budget	64	133	154	165	141
Total	(264)	(195)	(174)	(163)	(188)

Community Services	2024/25 (£000)	2025/26 (£000)	2026/27 (£000)	2027/28 (£000)	2028/29 (£000)
Closed Churchyards Sink Fund	25	25	25	25	25
Implementation of the Environment Act 2021 and Environmental Improvement Plan 2023		100	1,000	1,000	1,000
Salary costs of a permanent Tree Surveyor	42	43	44	45	46
Increase in the budget for car park maintenance & repairs	10	10	10	10	10
Baggeridge – increase in budget for the cost of a seasonal/casual ranger	17	17	17	17	17
Total increases in budget	94	195	1,096	1,097	1,098
Uplift of savings agreed as part of previous MTFS	(50)	(50)	(50)	(50)	(50)
Inflationary increase in cost of garden permits in 2024/25 & 2025/26	(85)	(87)	(87)	(87)	(87)
Total reductions in budget (savings)	(135)	(137)	(137)	(137)	(137)
Total	(41)	58	959	960	961

Corporate Services	2024/25 (£000)	2025/26 (£000)	2026/27 (£000)	2027/28 (£000)	2028/29 (£000)
Reduction in budgeted contribution to Pension Fund in future years			(120)	(240)	(360)
Total			(120)	(240)	(360)

Digital Technology & Service Transformation	2024/25 (£000)	2025/26 (£000)	2026/27 (£000)	2027/28 (£000)	2028/29 (£000)
Additional Senior Surveyor & Admin					
Support	85	89	92	96	100
Renewal of Capita Contract	30	30	30	30	30
Total Pressures/Additions to Budget	115	119	122	126	130
Re-profiling of commercial estates					
income	306	(191)	(216)	(245)	(245)
Sink Fund adjustment	15	(10)	(11)	(12)	(12)
Total Savings	321	(201)	(227)	(257)	(257)
Total	436	(82)	(105)	(131)	(127)

Welfare Services	2024/25 (£000)	2025/26 (£000)	2026/27 (£000)	2027/28 (£000)	2028/29 (£000)
Reduction in income expected from Housing Benefit overpayments due to move to Universal Credit and improved					
debt recovery	175	200	200	200	200
Total Pressures/Increases in Budget	175	200	200	200	200

<u>APPENDIX 3 – CAPITAL PROGRAMME</u>

	Budget 2024/25 £000	Budget 2025/26 £000	Budget 2026/27 £000	Budget 2027/28 £000	Budget 2028/29 £000	Total £000
<u>Digital Transformation & Estate</u>						
<u>Management</u>						
Replacement of workstations	45	45	45	45	45	225
Civica Licences	0	0	0	0	125	125
Digital Services Storage Area						
Network	0	100	0	0	0	100
Digital Services Core Chassis Switch						
2025/26	0	90	0	0	0	90
Digital Services - vSAN switches &						
vSan Hosts	120	0	0	0	0	120
Digital Services - server room						
battery	0	0	10	0	0	10
Digital Services - Core Network						
Switches	0	100	0	0	0	100
Asset Strategy	1,819	0	0	0	0	1,819
Asset Strategy - Wombourne						
development	2,400	0	0	0	0	2,400
Asset Strategy - Unit4E Four Ashes	2,520	0	0	0	0	2,520
Total	6,904	335	55	45	170	7,509
Welfare Services						
Renovation and Disabled Facilities						
Grants	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	5,633
Total	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	5,633
Community Services						
Refuse Vehicles (new contract)	3,046	0	0	0	0	3,046
Waste Bins (new contract)	790	0	0	0	0	790
Leisure Centre Air Conditioning	13	0	0	0	0	13
Car park resurfacing	36	120	120	0	0	276
Leisure Centre equipment						
replacement	20	42	120	269	190	641
Street Scene & Baggeridge vehicles	35	90	374	53	0	551
Total	3,940	252	614	321	190	5,318
GRAND TOTAL	11,971	1,714	1,796	1,493	1,486	18,460

<u>APPENDIX 4 – CABINET SUMMARIES</u>

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Building Control					
Building Control	52	71	91	94	97
Total Building Control	52	71	91	94	97
Development Control					
Developmental Control	34	121	146	179	181
Total Development Control	34	121	146	179	181
Economic Development	274	205	200	200	202
Economic Development	274	285	290		
Total Economic Development	274	285	290	296	303
Enforcement					
Planning Enforcement	230	234	239	243	247
Total Enforcement	230	234	239	243	247
Land Charges					
Land Charges	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(9)
Total Land Charges	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(9)
Local Plan					
Energy Conservation	7	7	7	7	7
Local Plans	423	435	443	451	459
Total Local Plans	430	441	449	457	465
Localities					
Localities	129	132	133	134	137
Total Localities	129	132			
Total Business Enterprise and Community Infrastructure	1,140	1,275	1,340	1,395	1,421

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Paggaridge Country Paul	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Baggeridge Country Park Baggeridge Country Park &					
Railway Walk	158	160	164	166	168
Total Baggeridge Country Park	158	160	164	166	168
Total baggeriage country rank	130	100	104	100	100
Climate Change					
Climate Change	54	58	60	62	63
Total Climate Change	54	58	60	62	63
Landscape & Bereavement	(244)	(260)	(270)	(260)	(204)
Cemetery	(241)	(260)	(270)	(268)	(291)
Total Landscape and	(241)	(260)	(270)	(268)	(291)
Bereavement					
Leisure Services					
Cheslyn Hay Leisure Centre	286	294	299	304	309
Codsall Leisure Centre	170	172	175	177	180
Facilities Development	259	264	268	272	277
Leisure Development Fund	0	0	0	0	0
Penkridge Leisure Centre	164	169	171	172	174
Wombourne Leisure Centre	84	83	84	83	82
Total Leisure Services	963	981	996	1,008	1,023
De sueline					
Recycling Recycling	121	123	125	127	129
Total Recycling	121	123	125	127	129
Total Recycling	121	125	123	127	129
Refuse Collection					
Refuse Collection Client	3,393	3,592	4,593	4,696	4,800
Total Refuse Collection	3,393	3,592	4,593	4,696	
Street Scene					
Car Parking	19	19	20	21	21
Environmental Improvements	7	7	7	7	7
Highways & Lighting	79	81	83	85	87
Land Drainage	4	5	5	5	5
Lane Green Depot	17	17	17	18	18
Street Scene	1,276	1,316	1,337	1,359	1,382
Total Street Scene	1,403	1,445	1,468	1,493	1,520
Community Services Assistant					
Director					
Community Services AD	103	106	108	111	113
Total Community Services	400	400	400	444	443
Assistant Director	103	106	108	111	113
Total Community Services	5,953	6,206	7,245	7,395	7,525

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
CORPORATE SERVICES	01000	01000	01000	01000	01000
Accountage 9 Financial Comicas	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Accountancy & Financial Services Accountancy & Finance	649	667	680	694	707
Total Accountancy & Financial	649	007	080	694	707
Services	649	667	680	694	707
Sel vices					
Communications					
Communications	172	175	178	181	184
Total Communications	172	175	178	181	184
Community Safety					
Community Safety	31	31	31	31	31
Community Wellbeing &	71	72	75	7.0	70
Partnership	71	73	75	76	78
Total Community Safety	102	104	106	107	109
Corporate Finance					
Corporate Finance	577	640	653	717	728
Total Corporate Finance	577	640	653	717	728
Corporate Leadership Team	404	400	402	407	204
Chief Executive	184	189	193	197	201
Corp Director-Chief Operating Officer	142	146	149	152	155
Corp Director-Governance	126	131	133	136	139
(Monitoring Officer)	120	131	133	130	139
Corp Director-Place &	140	144	147	150	153
Communities					
Director of Finance (S151)	129	133	136		141
Total Corporate Leadership Team	721	743	758	773	788
Elections					
Elections - District	10	10	10	220	10
Individual Electoral Reg (IER)	184	189	192	196	200
Total Elections	194	199	202	416	210
Human Resources					
Human Resources	375	382	391	401	411
Human Resources - Members	373	302	331	401	711
Training	7	7	7	7	7
Human Resources - Training	84	86	88	90	92
Total Human Resources	466	475	487	499	510
Mambay Cure and					
Member Support	100	100	204	205	200
Member Support	192 207	198	201 406	205	209
Members & Civic Expenses	387	398	406	414	422

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
CORPORATE SERVICES					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Monitoring Officer	14	14	14	14	14
Total Member Support	593	610	621	633	645
Pay and Pensions					
Pay and Pensions adjustments	620	717	774	766	757
Total Pay and Pensions	620	717	774	766	757
Policy					
Policy	121	127	132	137	142
Total Policy	121	127	132	137	142
Total Corporate Services	4,215	4,456	4,590	4,921	4,780

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION AND					
ESTATE MANAGEMENT					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Community Hub					
Codsall Community Hub	1,175	1,198	1,219	1,239	1,260
Jubilee House	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)	(7)
Surplus Office Accommodation	(601)	(605)	(606)	(609)	(609)
Total Community Hub	566	585	605	623	644
Customer Interaction					
Customer Interaction	377	391	398	405	413
Total Customer Interaction	377	391	398	405	413
Digital Services	4.00	400	4.00	4.4.4	440
AD - Business Transformation	103	106	108	111	113
Digital Services	1,612	1,654	1,674	1,699	1,715
MFDs & Scanners	22	22	22	22	22
Telephony	137	140	143	144	144
Total Digital Services	1,875	1,922	1,947	1,975	1,994
Estates & Assets					
Commercial Units	(1,320)	(2,061)	(2,123)	(2,174)	(2,174)
Commercials Offices	(170)	(174)	(178)	(182)	(182)
Estates & Assets	378	388	397	406	415
Hinksford Park	(221)	(225)	(229)	(232)	(237)
Total Estates and Assets	(1,333)	(2,071)	(2,132)	(2,182)	(2,178)
	·				
Total Digital Transformation and Estate Management	1,485	827	818	821	874

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
REGULATORY					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Emergency Planning					
Emergency Planning	50	51	52	53	54
Total Emergency Planning	50	51	52	53	54
Environmental Health					
Dogs Kennelling & Collection	12	12	12	12	12
Environmental Health	721	741	755	769	783
Food Safety	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Health & Safety Corporate	15	16	16	16	16
Health Licensing	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
Housing Standards	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Licensing	(157)	(100)	(97)	(97)	(100)
Pollution	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Total Environmental Health	563	641	658	672	684
Internal Audit					
Internal Audit	100	102	104	106	108
Total Internal Audit	100 100	102 102	104 104	106 106	
Total Internal Addit	100	102	104	100	100
Legal Shared Service					
Legal Shared Services	178	186	189	193	195
Total Legal Shared Service	178	186	189	193	195
Total Regulatory	890	979	1,003	1,023	1,041

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
WELFARE					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Benefits					
Benefits DWP	0	0	0	0	0
Benefits Team	685	710	730	749	772
Housing Benefits	95	120	120	120	120
Welfare - Other Support	225	232	237	242	246
Total Benefits	1,005	1,062	1,087	1,111	1,138
Housing Operations					
Housing Services	255	262	269	277	285
Total Housing Operations	255	262	269	277	285
Revenues					
Revenues	378	392	403	414	425
Total Internal Audit	378	392	403	414	425
Homelessness					
Homelessness Initiatives	0	0	0	0	0
Total Homelessness	0	0	0	0	0

	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
WELFARE					
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Total Welfare	1,637	1,716	1,759	1,802	1,848

<u>APPENDIX 5 – COUNCIL TAX RESOLUTION</u>

To be completed for final report to Council

<u>APPENDIX 6 - SECTION 151 STATEMENT ON THE ADEQUACY OF RESERVES AND ROBUSTNESS</u> <u>OF THE BUDGET</u>

- 1. I am making this report in compliance with the personal responsibilities placed upon me as Chief Finance Officer by sections 25 to 28 of the Local Government Act 2003. The legislation requires me to report to the authority on two matters.
 - The robustness of the estimates it makes when calculating its budget requirement; and
 - The adequacy of the authority's reserves, taking into account the experience of the previous financial year.

This report fulfils this requirement and provides councillors with assurance that the budgets have been compiled appropriately and that the levels of reserves is adequate. It is a statutory requirement that councillors must consider this report when considering and approving a budget.

Robustness of Estimates

- 2. I have led and been actively involved in the process of setting the 2024/25 budget and MTFS and am assured that this has been detailed and robust.
- 3. The detailed budget preparation was overseen by an experienced qualified accountant, supported by other finance staff, familiar with the requirements of the budget preparation process. The basis of the estimates included the following elements which are in my view crucial to setting realistic budgets.
 - Staffing budgets are built up based on the actual staffing establishment and its current costs.
 - The budgets reflect, as far as can be determined, costs of major contracts including likely cost increases.
 - The budgets are informed by the results of the 2023/24 budget monitoring and incorporates the impact of any issues affecting future years.
 - The budget identifies the on-going cost of Council decisions taken where the financial impact has been quantified.
- 4. The detailed budgets have been scrutinised by:
 - Service Team Managers;
 - Corporate and Assistant Directors;
 - Cabinet members; and the
 - Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- In particular, proposals for growth and savings have been carefully reviewed in order to be satisfied of their robustness and for their relationship to the priorities of the Council.
 The budget does not contain any unspecified or unrealistic savings proposals or

- contingencies. However, the budget is balanced by the use of reserves and more work needs to be done in order to be financially secure over a 5-year period.
- 6. The budgets have been assessed as part of the authority's approach to risk management and the major financial risks identified. These risks are outlined in section 11 of the main body of the MTFS report.

Conclusion - Robustness of estimates

7. Taking all these factors into account, I am satisfied that the estimates have been prepared on a robust basis.

Adequacy of Reserves

8. The Chartered Institute of Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) has produced guidance on local authority reserves and balances. This guidance does not prescribe a minimum level of reserves but sets out that the following factors are considered when assessing this:

Budget assumptions	Considerations for the Council
The treatment of inflation and interest rates	The current economic position has been considered and information from our treasury advisors (Link) has been used.
Estimates of the level and timing of capital receipts	The Capital Programme includes an estimate of the profile of use of current capital receipts. No assumption has been made of new capital receipts.
The treatment of demand led pressures	All demand led services have been considered and increases in budgets included in RPP process where appropriate. Examples are the Waste Contract and Baggeridge Country Park staffing.
The treatment of efficiency savings/productivity gains	There are currently no efficiency savings built into the budget.
The financial risks inherent in any significant new funding partnerships, major outsourcing deals or major capital developments	Not applicable.
The availability of other funds to deal with major contingencies	The Council currently has £6.9m set aside in Earmarked Reserves, of which £3.4m is to cover major contingencies such as temporary accommodation pressures and business rates volatility.

Financial standing and management	Considerations for the Council
The overall financial standing of the authority (level of borrowing, debt outstanding, council tax collection rates)	Council Tax collection rates are good in the authority (approximately 98%). Levels of debt are reducing (although older debts are still a concern and investment has been made in additional temporary staff to address this). The Council's level of borrowing appears high in external indices such as OFLOG but this is due to long-term borrowing that was taken out at a low rate and is not a concern internally.
The authority's track record in budget and financial management	The Council has maintained expenditure within budget for the last three financial years and is forecast to do the same in 2023/24. There are no concerns about the financial management processes within the Council.
The strength of financial information and reporting arrangements	Budget monitoring is reported to the Corporate Leadership Team and Members on a quarterly basis as part of the Integrated Performance Monitoring report.
The authority's virement and end of year procedures in relation to budget under/overspends at authority and service team level	The Council currently does not have set procedures for the treatment of over/underspends at year-end. The level at which virements are approved is set out within the Council's financial procedures.
The adequacy of the authority's insurance arrangements to cover major unforeseen risks.	The insurance cover for the Council has been considered and is judged to be sufficient. There is also an Earmarked Reserve to cover items below the excess included in the insurance policy.

- 9. Considering the above, and my assessment of the robustness of the estimates in the budget, I recommend that a minimum prudent level of reserves continue to be set at £1.5m for 2024/25, which is to be reviewed annually. This minimum level of reserves has also been benchmarked against other similar authorities and is in line with the minimum levels set by those authorities which provides further assurance.
- 10. At the start of the financial year 2023/24 the Council's General Fund reserves stood at £8.672m million. This is above the minimum level of £1.5m. However, this is being used across each year of the MTFS to balance the budget. This level of reserves allows the Council time to plan for the potential impacts of funding reform in future years and is not deemed to be excessive.

Adequacy of reserves conclusion

11. I am currently of the opinion that, because of our record of prudent spending, careful budgeting and effective budgetary control, the adequacy of the Council's reserves is sufficient, and the minimum level of General Fund reserves can be maintained above £1.5m until the end of 2026/27. However, if the Council is unable to benefit from the Business Rates growth arising from the development of WMI and ROF Featherstone, alternative actions will need to be considered to close the budget gap in future years.

Rebecca Maher, Director of Finance (Section 151 Officer)

John Mayhew, Finance Team Manager (Deputy Section 151 Officer)

<u>APPENDIX 7 – EARMARKED RESERVES</u>

Description	Balance at 31/3/23	23/24 increase / (decrease)	Proposed Transfer 23/24	Projected Balance at 31/3/24
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corporate Priorities				
Section 106 ●	295			295
Forward Planning	48		-16	32
Transactional Services	162	-20		142
Pay and Inflation Uncertainty Reserve	474	-16		458
Climate Change	26			26
Insurance	47			47
Collection Fund Reserve	2,471	379	-1,000	1,850
Business Rates Pool Surplus	922		-300	622
Total Corporate Leadership Team	4,445	343	-1,316	3,472
Regulatory Services				
Legal Shared Services	70			70
Total Regulatory Services	70	0	0	70
Corporate Services				
Rural Transport ●	15			15
Community Cohesion Project ●	2			2
PCC and ASB Grant Income ●	13	21		34
Covid Shielding Grant ●	58	-2		56
Localities PCC Funding ●	16			16
Human Resources	29			29
Electoral Registration	30			30
Elections Act	19	-19		0
Comms Team - Apprentice	29			29
Redmond Review	19			19
Apprentices	20	-20		0
A&FS Efin Upgrade	19		-19	0
Total Corporate Services	269	-20	-19	230
Digital Technology and Service Transformation				
Unit 4e Insurance ●	213			213
Community Lottery ●	10			10
Transformation Reserve			294	294
Transformation Projects	123	-8	-115	0
Commercial Opportunities Seed Funding	20			20
Sink Fund (Commercial Assets)	244	77		321
Reception Area Improvement	10		-10	0
ICT Mobile Communication	29			29
Sink Fund for Community HUB	6		-6	0
Capital Projects Contingency (Wombourne and Unit 4e)			300	300

Description	Balance at 31/3/23	23/24 increase / (decrease)	Proposed Transfer 23/24	Projected Balance at 31/3/24
Customer Experience Transformation	112	-112		0
Digital 2	111		-111	0
Total Digital Technology and Service Transformation	878	-43	352	1,187
Welfare Services				
New Burdens Fund ●	157	-12		145
Housing and Homelessness ●	182	-18		164
Temporary Accommodation			1,000	1,000
Customer Services CRM	49		-49	0
Total Welfare Services	388	-30	951	1,309
Community Services				
Leisure Grants ●	6			6
Gift in Will (Baggeridge) ●	60			60
Closed Churchyards ●		238		238
Track and Trace Payments ●	122			122
Leisure Development Fund	53	-33		20
Joint Use Repairs	107	-50		57
Wombourne Leisure Centre 3G Pitch Maintenance	25			25
Community Budgets – Jubilee	5		-5	0
Environmental Health – EDMS/IDOX	61			61
Tree Inspector	42	-21	-21	0
Ward Based Priorities		16	141	157
LDF Grant Income	35	-8		27
Total Community Services	516	142	115	773
Business Enterprise and Community Infrastructure				
UK Shared Prosperity ●	184			184
Local Plans	24			24
Development Management	103	-24		79
Local Plans – Self and Customer Build Housing Grant	20	-18		2
South Staffordshire Tourism Association	1			1
Land Registry and Biodiversity	93	-15	-78	0
Neighbourhood Grant	5		-5	0
Total Business Enterprise and Community Infrastructure	430	-57	-83	290
TOTAL EARMARKED RESERVES	6,996	335	0	7,331